Date printed 09.08.2019, Revision 09.08.2019

Version 07. Supersedes version: 06

Page 1 / 14

#### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifier

#### Winterschaum 818 PLUS

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

#### 1.2.1 Relevant uses

For filling, fixing and insulating gaps and cavities.

1.2.2 Uses advised against

None known.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company Ramsauer GmbH & Co KG

Sarstein 17

4822 Bad Goisern / H. / AUSTRIA Phone +43(0)6135 8205-0 Fax +43(0)6135 8323 Homepage www.ramsauer.at E-mail office@ramsauer.at

Address enquiries to

**Technical information** office@ramsauer.at **Safety Data Sheet** sdb@chemiebuero.de

1.4 Emergency telephone number

**Advisory body** +43 (0) 1 406 43 43 (24h)

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture [REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008]

Aerosol 1: H222 Extremely flammable aerosol. H229 Pressurised container: May burst if

heated.

Carc. 2: H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

Skin Sens. 1: H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Resp. Sens. 1: H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if

inhaled.

Eye Irrit. 2: H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Skin Irrit. 2: H315 Causes skin irritation.

STOT SE 3: H335 May cause respiratory irritation. Lact.: H362 May cause harm to breast-fed children.

STOT RE 2: H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

through inhalation.

Aquatic Chronic 4: H413 May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

Date printed 09.08.2019, Revision 09.08.2019

Version 07. Supersedes version: 06

Page 2 / 14

#### 2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word

Hazard statements

Alkanes, C14-17, chloro

Contains:

Diphenylmethanediisocyanate, isomeres and oligomers

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H229 Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H315 Causes skin irritation.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H362 May cause harm to breast-fed children.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure through

inhalation.

H413 May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

Precautionary statements

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking.

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C / 122°F.

P260 Do not breathe vapours.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear protective gloves / eye protection / face protection. P284 In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P308+P311 IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER / doctor /...
P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/national regulation.

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P263 Avoid contact during pregnancy and while nursing.

**Special labelling** EUH204 Contains isocyanates. May produce an allergic reaction.

2.3 Other hazards

**Environmental hazards** 

Does not contain any PBT or vPvB substances.

Other hazards

Further hazards were not determined with the current level of knowledge.

Date printed 09.08.2019, Revision 09.08.2019 Version 07. Supersedes version: 06 Page 3 / 14

### SECTION 3: Composition / Information on ingredients

#### Product-type:

#### 3.2 The product is a mixture.

Range [%]	Substance
<u> </u>	
10 - 20	Tris(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) phosphate
	CAS: 13674-84-5, EINECS/ELINCS: 237-158-7, Reg-No.: 01-2119486772-26-XXXX
	GHS/CLP: Acute Tox. 4: H302
10 - 15	Diphenylmethanediisocyanate, isomeres and oligomers
	CAS: 32055-14-4, EINECS/ELINCS: 500-079-6, Reg-No.: 01-2119457024-46-XXXX
	GHS/CLP: Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Skin Sens. 1: H317 - Eye Irrit. 2: H319 - Acute Tox. 4: H332 - Resp. Sens. 1: H334 -
	STOT SE 3: H335 - Carc. 2: H351 - STOT RE 2: H373
5 - 15	Dimethyl ether
	CAS: 115-10-6, EINECS/ELINCS: 204-065-8, EU-INDEX: 603-019-00-8, Reg-No.: 01-2119472128-37-XXXX
	GHS/CLP: Flam. Gas 1: H220 - Press. Gas: H280
1 - 10	iso-Butane
	CAS: 75-28-5, EINECS/ELINCS: 200-857-2, EU-INDEX: 601-004-00-0, Reg-No.: 01-2119485395-27-XXXX
	GHS/CLP: Flam. Gas 1: H220 - Press. Gas: H280
1 - 10	Propane
	CAS: 74-98-6, EINECS/ELINCS: 200-827-9, EU-INDEX: 601-003-00-5, Reg-No.: 01-2119486944-21-XXXX
	GHS/CLP: Flam. Gas 1: H220 - Press. Gas: H280
1 - <10	Alkanes, C14-17, chloro
	CAS: 85535-85-9, EINECS/ELINCS: 287-477-0, EU-INDEX: 602-095-00-X, Reg-No.: 01-2119519269-33-XXXX
	GHS/CLP: Lact.: H362 - Aquatic Acute 1: H400 - Aquatic Chronic 1: H410, M = 100

Comment on component parts

Substances of Very High Concern - SVHC: substances are not contained or are below 0.1%.

For full text of H-statements: see SECTION 16.

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General information Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

**Inhalation** Remove the victim into fresh air and keep him calm.

In the event of symptoms seek medical treatment.

**Skin contact** In case of contact with skin wash off immediately with soap and water.

Consult a doctor if skin irritation persists.

Eye contact Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy

to do. Continue rinsing.

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

**Ingestion** Seek medical advice immediately.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Headache Drowsiness Vertigo

Allergic reactions

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

Date printed 09.08.2019, Revision 09.08.2019

Version 07. Supersedes version: 06

Page 4 / 14

#### SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Carbon dioxide. Water spray jet. Dry powder. Foam.

Extinguishing media that must not

be used

Full water jet.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Risk of formation of toxic pyrolysis products.

Hydrogen chloride (HCI). Hydrogen cyanide (HCN). Nitrogen oxides (NOx).

Bursting aerosols can be forcibly projected from a fire.

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Use self-contained breathing apparatus.

Do not inhale explosion and/or combustion gases.

Fire residues and contaminated firefighting water must be disposed of in accordance within

the local regulations.

Cool containers at risk with water spray jet.

#### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep away from all sources of ignition.

Ensure adequate ventilation.

Use personal protective equipment (protective gloves, safety glasses, protective clothing).

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Do not discharge into the drains/surface waters/groundwater.

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Take up mechanically.

Take up residues with absorbent material (e.g. sand).

Dispose of absorbed material in accordance within the regulations.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

See SECTION 8+13

#### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Use only in well-ventilated areas.

Keep away from all sources of ignition - Refrain from smoking.

Propellant can form an explosive mixture with air.

Do not eat, drink, smoke or take drugs at work.

After worktime and before work breaks the affected skin areas must be thoroughly cleaned.

Use barrier skin cream.

Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Prevent penetration into the ground.

Do not store together with oxidizing agents.

Do not store together with food and animal food/diet.

Keep container in a well-ventilated place.

Keep in a cool place, heat causes increase in pressure and risk of bursting.

# Safety Data Sheet 1907/2006/EC - REACH (GB) Winterschaum 818 PLUS

# Ramsauer GmbH & Co KG 4822 Bad Goisern / H.

Date printed 09.08.2019, Revision 09.08.2019

Version 07. Supersedes version: 06

Page 5 / 14

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

See product use, SECTION 1.2

Date printed 09.08.2019, Revision 09.08.2019

Version 07. Supersedes version: 06

Page 6 / 14

#### SECTION 8: Exposure controls / personal protection

#### 8.1 Control parameters

Ingredients with occupational exposure limits to be monitored (GB)

Substance

Dimethyl ether

CAS: 115-10-6, EINECS/ELINCS: 204-065-8, EU-INDEX: 603-019-00-8, Reg-No.: 01-2119472128-37-XXXX

Long-term exposure: 400 ppm, 766 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Short-term exposure (15-minute): 500 ppm, 958 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Diphenylmethanediisocyanate, isomeres and oligomers

CAS: 32055-14-4, EINECS/ELINCS: 500-079-6, Reg-No.: 01-2119457024-46-XXXX

Long-term exposure: 0,02 mg/m³, as NCO, Sen

Short-term exposure (15-minute): 0,07 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

iso-Butane

CAS: 75-28-5, EINECS/ELINCS: 200-857-2, EU-INDEX: 601-004-00-0, Reg-No.: 01-2119485395-27-XXXX

Long-term exposure: 600 ppm, 1450 mg/m³, (Butane)

Short-term exposure (15-minute): 750 ppm, 1810 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

### Ingredients with occupational exposure limits to be monitored (EU)

Substance / EC LIMIT VALUES

Dimethyl ether

CAS: 115-10-6, EINECS/ELINCS: 204-065-8, EU-INDEX: 603-019-00-8, Reg-No.: 01-2119472128-37-XXXX

Eight hours: 1000 ppm, 1920 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

#### DNEL

Alkanes, C14-17, chloro, CAS: 85535-85-9

Industrial, inhalative, Long-term - systemic effects: 6,7 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

Industrial, dermal, Long-term - systemic effects: 47,9 mg/kg/d.

general population, oral, Long-term - systemic effects: 0,58 mg/kg/d.

general population, inhalative, Long-term - systemic effects: 2 mg/m³.

general population, dermal, Long-term - systemic effects: 28,75 mg/kg/d

Tris(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) phosphate, CAS: 13674-84-5

Industrial, inhalative, Long-term - systemic effects: 5,82 mg/m³.

Industrial, dermal, Acute - systemic effects: 2,08 mg/kg bw/day.

Industrial, dermal, Long-term - systemic effects: 2,08 mg/kg bw/day.

Industrial, inhalative, Acute - systemic effects: 5,82 mg/m3.

general population, dermal, Acute - systemic effects: 1,04 mg/kg bw/day.

general population, oral, Long-term - systemic effects: 0,52 mg/kg bw/day.

general population, inhalative, Acute - systemic effects: 1,46 mg/m³.

general population, dermal, Long-term - systemic effects: 1,04 mg/kg bw/day.

general population, oral, Acute - systemic effects: 0,52 mg/kg bw/day

general population, inhalative, Long-term - systemic effects: 1,46 mg/m³.

Diphenylmethanediisocyanate, isomeres and oligomers, CAS: 32055-14-4

Industrial, inhalative, Long-term - local effects: 0,05 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

Industrial, inhalative, Acute - local effects: 0,1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

general population, inhalative, Acute - local effects: 0,05 mg/m3.

general population, inhalative, Long-term - local effects: 0,025 mg/m3.

Dimethyl ether, CAS: 115-10-6

Date printed 09.08.2019, Revision 09.08.2019

Version 07. Supersedes version: 06

Page 7 / 14

Industrial, inhalative, Long-term - systemic effects: 1894 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

general population, inhalative, Long-term - systemic effects: 471 mg/m³.

#### **PNEC**

Substance	
Alkanes, C14-17, chloro, CAS: 85535-85-9	
oral (food), 10 mg/kg.	
soil, 11,9 mg/kg.	
sediment (seawater), 2,6 mg/kg.	
sediment (freshwater), 13 mg/kg.	
sewage treatment plants (STP), 80 mg/l.	
seawater, 0,2 µg/l.	
freshwater, 1 µg/l.	
Tris(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) phosphate, CAS: 13674-84-5	
freshwater, 0,64 mg/L.	
seawater, 0,064 mg/L.	
sewage treatment plants (STP), 7,84 mg/L.	
sediment (seawater), 0,29 mg/kg sediment dw.	
sediment (freshwater), 2,92 mg/kg sediment dw.	
soil, 1,7 mg/kg.	
Diphenylmethanediisocyanate, isomeres and oligomers, CAS: 32055-14-4	
soil, 1 mg/kg.	
seawater, 0,1 mg/l.	
sewage treatment plants (STP), 1 mg/l.	
freshwater, 1 mg/l.	
Dimethyl ether, CAS: 115-10-6	
freshwater, 155 μg/L.	
sediment (seawater), 69 µg/L.	
seawater, 16 µg/L.	
sewage treatment plants (STP), 160 mg/l.	
soil, 45 μg/kg.	
sediment, 681 µg/kg.	

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

Additional advice on system design 
Ensure adequate ventilation on workstation.

Measurement methods for taking workplace measurements must meet the performance requirements of DIN EN 482. For example, recommendations are given in the IFA's list of

hazardous substances.

**Eye protection** Safety glasses. (EN 166:2001)

**Hand protection** 0,7 mm Nitrile rubber, >480 min (EN 374-1/-2/-3).

The details concerned are recommendations. Please contact the glove supplier for further

information.

Skin protectionProtective clothing (EN 340)OtherAvoid contact with eyes and skin.

Do not inhale vapours.

Personal protective equipment should be selected specifically for the working place, depending on concentration and quantity handled. The resistance of this equipment to

chemicals should be ascertained with the respective supplier.

Avoid contact during pregnancy/ while nursing.

Respiratory protection In the event of occupational exposure limits being exceeded or of inadequate ventilation: wear

appropriate respiratory protection.

Short term: filter apparatus, combination filter A-P2. (DIN EN 14387)

Thermal hazards no

Delimitation and monitoring of the environmental exposition

Protect the environment by applying appropriate control measures to prevent or limit

emissions.

Date printed 09.08.2019, Revision 09.08.2019

Version 07. Supersedes version: 06

Page 8 / 14

#### SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

#### Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Form** aerosol Color not determined Odor characteristic **Odour threshold** not applicable pH-value not applicable pH-value [1%] not applicable Boiling point [°C] not applicable Flash point [°C] not applicable Flammability (solid, gas) [°C] not applicable Lower explosion limit not determined

**Oxidising properties** 

**Upper explosion limit** 

Vapour pressure/gas pressure [kPa] not determined Density [g/ml] 0,99 (20 °C / 68,0 °F)

Bulk density [kg/m³] not applicable Solubility in water reacts with water Partition coefficient [n-octanol/water] not determined **Viscosity** not applicable Relative vapour density determined not applicable

in air

**Evaporation speed** not applicable Melting point [°C] not applicable Autoignition temperature [°C] not applicable Decomposition temperature [°C] not applicable

#### Other information 9.2

none

not determined

#### SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

#### 10.1 Reactivity

In case of proper use the intended polymerisations reaction takes place.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under normal ambient conditions (ambient temperature).

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Because of the high vapour pressure, containers are liable to burst if temperature rises > 50°C / 122°F. Formation of explosive gas/air mixtures.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

See SECTION 7.2.

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Oxidizing agent

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

No hazardous decomposition products known.

Date printed 09.08.2019, Revision 09.08.2019

Version 07. Supersedes version: 06

Page 9 / 14

#### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

**Acute toxicity** 

Product

ATE-mix, inhalativ (mist), > 5 mg/L 4h.

ATE-mix, dermal, > 2000 mg/kg.

ATE-mix, oral, > 2000 mg/kg.

Substance

Alkanes, C14-17, chloro, CAS: 85535-85-9

LD50, oral, Rat: > 2000 mg/kg.

Tris(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) phosphate, CAS: 13674-84-5

LD50, oral, Rat: > 500 -2000 mg/kg.

LD50, dermal, Rat: > 2000 mg/kg.

LC0, inhalative, Rat: > 7 mg/l 4h.

Diphenylmethanediisocyanate, isomeres and oligomers, CAS: 32055-14-4

LD50, inhalativ (mist), Rat: 310 mg/m³, 4 h OECD 403.

LD50, dermal, Rabbit: > 9400 mg/kg OECD 402.

LD50, oral, Rat: > 10000 mg/kg OECD 401

NOAEL, inhalative, Rat: 0,2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

LOAEL, inhalative, Rat: 1 mg/m3.

iso-Butane, CAS: 75-28-5

LC50, inhalative, mouse: 1237 mg/l (2h) (Lit.).

Propane, CAS: 74-98-6

LC50, inhalative, Rat: > 1443 mg/l (15 min) (Lit.).

Dimethyl ether, CAS: 115-10-6

LC50, inhalative, Rat: 164000 ppm (4 h).

Serious eye damage/irritation Irritant

Based on the available information, the classification criteria are fulfilled.

Toxicological data of complete product are not available.

Calculation method

Skin corrosion/irritation Irritant

Based on the available information, the classification criteria are fulfilled.

Toxicological data of complete product are not available.

Calculation method

Respiratory or skin sensitisation May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Based on the available information, the classification criteria are fulfilled.

Toxicological data of complete product are not available.

Calculation method

Specific target organ toxicity —

single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation.

Based on the available information, the classification criteria are fulfilled.

Toxicological data of complete product are not available.

Classification was carried out based on substance-specific concentration limits.

Specific target organ toxicity —

repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure through inhalation.

Based on the available information, the classification criteria are fulfilled.

Toxicological data of complete product are not available.

Calculation method

Mutagenicity Does not contain a relevant substance that meets the classification criteria.

Based on the available information, the classification criteria are not fulfilled.

Toxicological data of complete product are not available.

**Reproduction toxicity** May cause harm to breast-fed children.

Based on the available information, the classification criteria are fulfilled.

Toxicological data of complete product are not available.

Calculation method

Date printed 09.08.2019, Revision 09.08.2019

Version 07. Supersedes version: 06

Page 10 / 14

**Carcinogenicity** Suspected of causing cancer.

Based on the available information, the classification criteria are fulfilled.

Toxicological data of complete product are not available.

Calculation method

Aspiration hazard Does not contain a relevant substance that meets the classification criteria.

Based on the available information, the classification criteria are not fulfilled.

**General remarks** 

The determination of properties hazardous to health does not take the propellant or carrier

material into account.

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Product

EC50, (48h), Daphnia magna: >1000 mg/L.

Substance

Alkanes, C14-17, chloro, CAS: 85535-85-9

LC50, (96h), fish: > 5000 mg/l (IUCLID).

EC50, (48h), Daphnia magna: 0,006 mg/l.

EC50, (96h), Algae: >3.2 mg/l.

NOEC, (21d), Daphnia magna: 0,01 mg/l.

Tris(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) phosphate, CAS: 13674-84-5

LC50, (96h), Pimephales promelas: 51 mg/l.

EC50, (48h), Daphnia magna: 131 mg/l.

EC50, (3h), Bacteria: 784 mg/l.

IC50, (72h), Algae: 82 mg/l.

Diphenylmethanediisocyanate, isomeres and oligomers, CAS: 32055-14-4

LC50, (96h), Danio rerio: > 1000 mg/l OECD 203.

EC50, (24h), Daphnia magna: > 1000 mg/l OECD 202

EC50, (72h), Scenedesmus subspicatus: > 1640 mg/l OECD 201.

NOEC, (21d), Daphnia magna: > 10 mg/l OECD 202.

Dimethyl ether, CAS: 115-10-6

LC50, (96h), fish: 4100 mg/L

EC50, (72h), Algae: 155 mg/L.

EC50, (48h), Crustacea: 4400 mg/L

NOEC, (96h), fish: 4100 mg/L

NOEC, (48h), Crustacea: 4400 mg/L

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Behaviour in environment

not determined

compartments

Behaviour in sewage plant not determined Biological degradability not determined

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Accumulation in organisms is not expected.

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Released product polymerize immediately withoutpenetrating into the ground.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Based on all available information not to be classified as PBT or vPvB respectively.

## Safety Data Sheet 1907/2006/EC - REACH (GB) Winterschaum 818 PLUS

## Ramsauer GmbH & Co KG 4822 Bad Goisern / H.

Date printed 09.08.2019, Revision 09.08.2019

Version 07. Supersedes version: 06

Page 11 / 14

#### 12.6 Other adverse effects

None known.

#### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste material c It is not possible to determine a waste code for this product in accordance with the European Waste Catalogue (EWC) since it is only possible to classify it according to how it is used by the customer. The waste code is to be determined within the EU in liaison with the waste-disposal operator.

#### **Product**

Dispose of as hazardous waste.

Waste no. (recommended) 160504\* gases in pressure containers (including halons) containing dangerous substances

080501\*

Contaminated packaging

Uncontaminated packaging may be taken for recycling.

Waste no. (recommended) 150110\*

### SECTION 14: Transport information

#### 14.1 UN number

Transport by land according to

ADR/RID

1950

Inland navigation (ADN) 1950

Marine transport in accordance with

**IMDG** 

1950

Air transport in accordance with IATA 1950

Date printed 09.08.2019, Revision 09.08.2019

Version 07. Supersedes version: 06

Page 12 / 14

#### 14.2 UN proper shipping name

Transport by land according to

ADR/RID

- Classification Code

- Label

5F

1 I

Aerosols

- ADR LQ

- ADR 1.1.3.6 (8.6) Transport category (tunnel restriction code) 2 (D)

Inland navigation (ADN) Aerosols - Classification Code 5F - Label

Aerosols

Marine transport in accordance with

**IMDG** - EMS

F-D, S-U

- Label

- IMDG LQ

Air transport in accordance with IATA Aerosols, flammable

- Label

#### 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

Transport by land according to 2

ADR/RID

Inland navigation (ADN) 2

Marine transport in accordance with 2.1

**IMDG** 

Air transport in accordance with IATA 2.1

14.4 Packing group

Transport by land according to not applicable

ADR/RID

Inland navigation (ADN) not applicable

Marine transport in accordance with not applicable

**IMDG** 

Air transport in accordance with IATA not applicable

Date printed 09.08.2019, Revision 09.08.2019

Version 07. Supersedes version: 06

Page 13 / 14

#### 14.5 Environmental hazards

Transport by land according to

ADR/RID

no

Inland navigation (ADN)

Marine transport in accordance with

**IMDG** 

Air transport in accordance with IATA no

### 14.6 Special precautions for user

Relevant information under SECTION 6 to 8.

#### 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

not applicable

#### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

#### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

**EEC-REGULATIONS** 1991/689 (2001/118); 2010/75; 2004/42; 648/2004; 1907/2006 (REACH); 1272/2008;

75/324/EEC (2016/2037/EC); (EU) 2015/830; (EU) 2016/131; (EU) 517/2014

Observe employment restrictions for mothers-to-be and nursing mothers. Observe

TRANSPORT-REGULATIONS ADR (2019); IMDG-Code (2019, 39. Amdt.); IATA-DGR (2019)

**NATIONAL REGULATIONS (GB):** EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Second edition, published December 2011).

- Observe employment restrictions

employment restrictions for young people.

for people

- VOC (2010/75/CE) 17 - 23 %

#### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

not applicable

#### SECTION 16: Other information

#### 16.1 Hazard statements (SECTION 03)

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H362 May cause harm to breast-fed children.

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

H220 Extremely flammable gas. H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer. H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

Date printed 09.08.2019, Revision 09.08.2019

Version 07. Supersedes version: 06

Page 14 / 14

#### 16.2 Abbreviations and acronyms:

ADR = Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises Dangereuses par Route

RID = Règlement concernant le transport international ferroviaire de marchandises dangereuses

ADN = Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par voie de navigation intérieure

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging

DMEL = Derived Minimum Effect Level
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EC50 = Median effective concentration ECB = European Chemicals Bureau EEC = European Economic Community

EINECS = European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

ELINCS = European List of Notified Chemical Substances

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC-Code = International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying

Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk

IC50 = Inhibition concentration, 50%

IMDG = International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

IUCLID = International Uniform ChemicaL Information Database

LC50 = Lethal concentration, 50%

LD50 = Median lethal dose

LC0 = lethal concentration, 0%

LOAEL = lowest-observed-adverse-effect level

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Marine Pollution from Ships

NOAEL = No Observed Adverse Effect Level NOEC = No Observed Effect Concentration

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance

PNEC = Predicted No-Effect Concentration

REACH = Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals

STP = Sewage Treatment Plant

TLV®/TWA = Threshold limit value – time-weighted average TLV®STEL = Threshold limit value – short-time exposure limit

VOC = Volatile Organic Compounds

vPvB = very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

#### 16.3 Other information

### Classification procedure

Aerosol 1: H222 Extremely flammable aerosol. (Bridging principle "Aerosols") H229

Pressurised container: May burst if heated. (Bridging principle "Aerosols")

Carc. 2: H351 Suspected of causing cancer. (Calculation method)

Skin Sens. 1: H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. (Calculation method)

Resp. Sens. 1: H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if

inhaled. (Calculation method)

Eye Irrit. 2: H319 Causes serious eye irritation. (Calculation method)

Skin Irrit. 2: H315 Causes skin irritation. (Calculation method)

STOT SE 3: H335 May cause respiratory irritation. (Calculation method)

Lact.: H362 May cause harm to breast-fed children. (Calculation method)
STOT RE 2: H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

through inhalation. (Calculation method)

Aquatic Chronic 4: H413 May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life. (On basis of

test data)

**Modified position** 

SECTION 8 been added: In the event of occupational exposure limits being exceeded or of inadequate ventilation: wear appropriate respiratory protection.

SECTION 8 deleted: Respiratory protection mask in the event of high concentrations.

SECTION 12 been added: No classification due to toxicological investigations.

SECTION 16 been added: On basis of test data

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